Description:	Increased communic bulletin boards, reque					overnment's	s needs	and Goverr	ment grea	ter und	derstanding	of supplie	· capabi	ility (incl co	onferenc	es,
Citation:	FAC90-29; FAC90-32	2; Navy Cardina	al Point 3-2 an	nd 4-3;												
Implementatio	n 1/1/93	Avg Awa	reness Level:	3.0	Personn	el Interview	ed:	Contracting	Engr	F	Finance	Mfg	Plant	Wide	PM	Q/
Date:								✓							✓	
Expected Outco	me:				Total Nu	mber	N	one		Mi	nor		Sigr	nificant		
Reduced PALT; to commercial.	reduced Bid & Proposa	al costs; greate	er access	Time	107		45	42.06%		21	19.63%		41	38.32%	<u>.</u>	
				Cost	107		61	57.01%		24	22.43%		22	20.569	6	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access	107		62	57.94%		24	22.43%		21	19.63%	6	
Implementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	Ва	arrier H	Barrier I	E	Barrier J	Barrie	er K
Level	Sum	98	16	10	8	29		24	188		6	66		14		41
3.1	Weighted Sum	180	18	12	12	79		70	410		8	109		30		72
Outcomes: - Narrative Positive: - r	Time (-): can cost more Quality (+): quality of the Team approach is beneatlows government to elequirements. RFP to contract in 10 discrete of discussion led	eficial - more op explore alternati ays; pre RFP d s into the EMD	enness betwee ve, cost effect iscussions allo proposal.	pre-solicitation of een government tive NDI or COT: ow simultaneous	discussions. and contractor. S solutions with inspreparation of the	ndustry befo	ore deve	eloping spec	ific require							
p		to muon groate	a andorotalian	119 01 001 11000 10	ganomonio.											

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE ELE	EMENT: C02	2 RFP Strea	mlining												
Description:	Reduction in the size	and complexit	y of RFPs due	to elimination o	f unnecessay S	OW complex	ity and	contract cla	iuses							
Citation:	AF Lightning Bolt #1,	4 and 10; Pro	c PAT - (Early	CAS, DFARS C	ase 95-D015/D	AC 91-11); N	lavy Ca	ardinal Poin	t 4-3; AMC	Pam 7	0-25.					
Implementat	tion 3/3/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	3.3	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	g Engr	F	inance	Mfg	Plar	nt Wide	PM	QA
Date:								✓							✓	
Expected Out	come:				Total N	lumber	N	lone		Mi	nor		Się	gnificant	_	
Reduced PAL to commercial	T; reduced Bid & Proposal	costs; greate	er access	Time	105	5	46	43.81%	1	24	22.86%		35	33.339	%	
to commercial	•			Cost	105		48	45.71%		27	25.71%		30	28.57	" %	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access	105	5	63	60.00%	•	20	19.05%		22	20.95	%	
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	В	arrier H	Barrier I		Barrier J	Bar	rier K
	Sum	107	1	1	4	123		36	339		2	89		18		10
2.6	Weighted Sum	183	1	2	5	276		94	738		2	188		41		30
Unexpected Outcomes:	- Time (+): clause reduction	on assists in e	ease of admini	stration of contra	act after award.											
Narrative - Positive:	- 40% reduction in page v - Section H streamlined, t				nd this contract.											
Narrative - Negative:	 PM wanted to reduce six Have had significant inc RFPs still include T&Cs Application of this initiati Internal cycle time shorter 	rease in numb that are not n ve was abysn	per of line items eeded - gener nal failure. Bu	s due to governn ally get them elir siness as usual.	nent color of mo minated in nego Direct result of	ney issues; tiations - per	custom ception	er didn't em is that unde	erstaffing pr	eclude	s adequate				riority.	

Descriptions	Changing the way D	IOD states its re	auiromonte in	colicitations and	contracts by:	Ectablishing (norfor	manca bacac	l colicitation	process: Implem	onting etc	ndordiza	tion docu	mont	
Description:	improvements; Crea				contracts by.	Establishing a	a penoi	mance-pasec	a Solicitation	process, implen	iening sia	ırıuaruıza	illori docui	пепі	
Citation:	PL103-355, sec8104	4; FAC90-32; D	oDD5000.1 (D	.1.I); DoD5000.	2 (3.3.3.1); SE	CDEF memo	, 29 Jui	n 94; SECDE	F memo, 6	Dec 95; USD (A	&T) memo	, 8 Dec 9	95 (SPI)		
Implementation	on 6/29/94	Avg Awa	areness Level:	3.4	Person	nnel Interview	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant V	Vide I	PM	QA
Date:								✓	✓		✓			✓	✓
Expected Outc	ome:				Total I	Number	N	lone	_	Minor		Signi	ficant		
Reduced contr	act schedule; reduced c mercial.	ontract cost; gr	eater	Time	21	1	88	41.71%	1	3 6.16%		110	52.13%		
				Cost	21	1	58	27.49%	2	23 10.90%		130	61.61%		
				Quality											
				Commercial Access	21	1	60	28.44%	9	91 43.13%		60	28.44%		
Implementation	า	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F E	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier	Ва	arrier J	Barrie	r K
Level	Sum	105	9	20	28	249		92	460	42	203		50	1	31
2.8	Weighted Sum	177	18	37	41	595		195	864	82	302		100	2	25
Unexpected	- Cost (-): Elimination of MILSPEC/STD.	specs in some	cases produci	ng proliferation	of company sta	andards/pract	ices. C	oD subcontra	actors faced	with meeting pri	me-unique	e practice	es in lieu o	f single	
Outcomes: Narrative - Positive:	 Preaward activity reuc Contractor control of T 	DP reduces EC	CP activity; Ion	g leadtime parts					ction is min	mal					
Outcomes: Narrative - Positive:	- Preaward activity reuc	DP reduces EC very flexible - c ced down to 13.	CP activity; lon- company has flor . Balance that	g leadtime parts exibility to flow d were retained de	own or not flow eal mainly with	down; gove explosives.	rnment	source inspe							

Implementati Date:	on 3/15/96	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.8	Person	nel Interviewe	d:	Contracting	Engr	F	Finance	Mfg	Plant	Wide	PM	Q <i>A</i>
Expected Outo	ome:				Total N	lumber	N	one		Mir	nor		Sigi	nificant	_	
Reduced contr	act schedule; reduced co	ntract cost.		Time	68		35	51.47%		2	2.94%		31	45.59%	6	
				Cost	68		29	42.65%		5	7.35%		34	50.00	%	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access												
mplementatio Level	า	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F B	Barrier G	Ва	arrier H	Barrier I	E	Barrier J	Barr	er K
3.2	Sum Weighted Sum	34 66	15 45	25 54	29 33	46 114		20 50	85 184		1 1	1 1		8 10		16 52
Jnexpected	- Time (-), Comm Access supplier side to product e	nd costs time,	but results in s		ercial access w	as an unexpe	ted po	ositive outcom	ne as COT				sign wit	h prime c	ontracto	from
Outcomes:		time to develo	op proposals du	e to the need to	•	off studies and	•			they a	ot maara aam	nfortable wi	th the i	dea unde	r	
Outcomes: Narrative - Positive:	- Cost (-): Limited use of (- Time (-): Requires more - Initially, there was resist cost/performance tradeof actual savings were in the - 20% increase in time ar	ance on the pa fs. Achieved r a 11-20% rang	art of the govern najor reduction e.	in end item cos	ts between low	rate production	n to fu	ull rate (i.e., \$	200K cut					performar	nce trade	eoffs,

ACQUISITION	REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: CO	5 Use of Pas	t Performance /	Best Value Eva	aluation Criteria							
Description:	FASA and subsequer sources, and motivate					Criteria in source	e selection dec	isions. The cr	iteria use past p	performance	information to s	elect the	best
Citation:	PL103-355, sec1091	(FASA); FAC	90-26; DoD500	00.2 (3.3.4.2); U	ISD (A&T) mer	no, 28 Apr 95; A	F Lightning Bo	olt #6; Navy C	Cardinal Point 4	-2			
Implementation	on 4/28/95	Avg Awa	areness Level:	3.5	Perso	nnel Interviewed:	Contractin	ng Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Date:							✓					✓	
Expected Outc	come:				Total	Number	None		Minor		Significant	_	
	products and services pur Is for contractors with sup			Time									
records	·	•		Cost									
				Quality									
				Commercial Access									
Implementation	n	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier	Barrier J	Barri	er K
Level	Sum	5				30		15		14			16
3.7	Weighted Sum	5				100		35		42			28
Outcomes:	- Time (+), Cost (+), Qua - Cost (-): There are up-f - Time (-), Cost (-): Past against actual contract re	ront increases performance is	in costs becaus causing the co	se of additional ompany to ensu	briefings, etc. re that contrac	t always reflects	the business a	greement - co	ontract changes	needed to			
Positive:	 Contractor seeing more Past performance and leading performance quality but to 	best value hav	e helped but fe	els past perform	ance can be a	double-edged sv						eyond pri	ior
Negative:	 Past performance data Concerned that miscom Perception is that gover factor in lowering past per 	nmunications o	over governmer negotiate lowe	nt expectations of st possible cost	on use of funds	may cause futui	re past perform	nance issues	s - result is over	rrun not cau	sed by contracto	r- could t	oe a

ACQUISITION F	REFORM CHANGE E	LEMENT: CO	6 Streamline	d Pre-Award Pr	ocess									
Description:	Use of tools & methor presentations.	ods to decrease	e time & effort re	equired by both	Government an	d industry fro	m soli	citation to co	ontract awar	d, including: IPT	type activiti	es (Alpha conti	acting),	oral
Citation:	Proc & CAS PATs - Thrust Area VI; Navy			June 95; DDP n	nemo - 14 Jun 9	5; DFARS ca	ases 9	5-D009,010	,015,016/D	AC91-9&11; FAF	RA, sec4102	2;AF Lightning	Bolt #10	; Army
Implementation Date:	6/1/95	Avg Awa	areness Level:	3.0	Person	nel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	g Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcor	ne:				Total N	umber	N	lone		Minor		Significant		
Reduced PALT;	reduced Bid & Propos	sal costs.		Time	81		27	33.33%		16 19.75%		38 46.9	1%	
				Cost	81		35	43.21%		18 22.22%)	28 34.5	57%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation Level		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Ba	rier K
	Sum	99	33	2	2	53		9	226	8	35	5		18
2.9	Weighted Sum	223	58	4	4	69		9	483	11	91	20		18
Outcomes: - Narrative Positive: -	Time (-): Where gover Time (-): Process time Opened levels of comi Reduced program risk Process is underway ii	munication and (cost, technica	to increased dia increased rapp I); both sides k	ort. new what they	er, improved und were asking for	derstanding h	elped :	avoid future		n should be shar	ed? Is eacl	n party getting	everythir	ng?
D	CAA isn't being used I Good progress in IPT	by the PCO in r	negotiations.		-								,	.9.
Negative: -	Contractor considers t Not effectively implement Same government cyc	ented; not all pe	ersonnel empov	wered.		otiation - cont	ractor	provides full	disclosure;	government no	t necessarily	/ SO.		

Citation:	FAC90-29; DepSec	Def Memo, 28 A	Apr 94; AF Lig	htning Bolt #10;	Army Thrust Ar	ea III and IV	Navy	Cardinal Poi	int 4-1							
Implementa	tion 4/28/94	Avg Awa	reness Level:	3.2	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	Engr	ı	Finance	Mfg	Plant	Wide	PM	QA
Date:								✓								
Expected Out	come:				Total N	lumber	N	one		Mi	inor		Sig	nificant	_	
Reduced PAL	T; reduced Bid & Propos	sal costs.		Time	39		24	61.54%		7	17.95%		8	20.51%		
				Cost	39		26	66.67%		10	25.64%		3	7.69%		
				Quality												
				Commercial Access												
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	В	arrier H	Barrier I	E	Barrier J	Barri	er K
Level	Sum	65	5	13	12	80		64	82		5	104				10
1.6	Weighted Sum	200	12	29	36	210		182	220		20	331				40
Unexpected Outcomes:	- Internet use of electron	nic bulletin boar sfer of disks.	d to post T&Cs								anges in neg					

Implementati Date:	ion 4/9/91	Avg Awa	reness Level:	1.9	Personr	nel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM C
Expected Outo	come.				Total N	lumber	N	one one		Minor		Significant	✓ [
•	ract cost; increased quality	y of service; in	creased	Time									_
ccess to com	iiiicidai.			Cost	19		14	73.68%				5 26.32	2%
				Quality	19		12	63.16%		2 10.53%		5 26.32	:%
				Commercial Access	19		15	78.95%		3 15.79%		1 5.26%	6
nplementatio	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrier K
Level	Sum	13		7	1	31		3	33		13	9	30
2.4	Weighted Sum	33		14	2	110		9	67		43	32	60
Inexpected Outcomes: Jarrative -	- Time (-); Cost (-): Not sl "how to", government per - Performance based SC	ople on site ins	sist upon telling	g contractor how	to perform certa	ain tasks.			the three w	rork sites. Even th	nough contr	act direction do	es not specif
Narrative -	- Minimal applicability and	d implementati	on make bene	fits somewhat in	nperceptible.								

ACQUISITION	REFORM CHANGE ELE	EMENT: COS) Improved o	communications	related to poten	tial disputes	during	contract exe	cution					
Description:	More thorough, timely	communication	ons during con	tract execution, i	ncluding use of	ADR, avoidi	ng unne	ecessary litiç	gation.					
Citation:	PL 104-320 (Administ	rative Dispute	Resolution Ac	et of 1996); FAC	90-39 (XXIII).									
Implementatio	n 6/20/96	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.8	Personr	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outco	nma:				Total N	umber	N	one		Minor		Significant		
•	act schedule; reduced co	ntract cost.		Time	22	ullibei	19	86.36%	_	WIIITOI		3 13.64	<u> </u>	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Cost	22		20	90.91%				2 9.09		
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrie	er K
Level	Sum	31			3	28		24	36		58			20
2.0	Weighted Sum	113			12	108		86	109		192			50
Unexpected - Outcomes:	Time (+); Cost (+): Impl	roved busines	s relationship v	with DCMC/DCA	A - more team o	effort.								
	No disputes yet, but pro IPT, if properly executed			use in contract.										
Narrative Negative:	ADR clause is not in the	contract.												

	PL 103-355, sec 800	2 (FASA); FAC	90-32; FAR 4	6.804; FAR 46.	709:											
Implementat	ion 9/18/95	Avg Awar	eness Level:	2.3	Personi	nel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	F	inance	Mfg	Plant V	Vide	PM	QA
Date:								✓							✓	✓
Expected Out	come:				Total N	umber	N	one		Mir	nor		Signi	ficant		
Reduced conf	ract cost; increased acces	ss to commercia	ıl.	Time												
				Cost	49		29	59.18%		2	4.08%		18	36.73%	, 6	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access	49		35	71.43%		5	10.20%		9	18.37%	ò	
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F E	Barrier G	Ва	arrier H	Barrier I	Ва	arrier J	Barrie	er K
	Sum	10		10		61		8	47			50		24		10
2.9	Weighted Sum	10		30		235		8	163			160		24		30
Unexpected Outcomes:	 Cost (-): Contractor offecontract price. The warr Cost (-): Warranty cost Cost (-): Warranty was 	anty is a CLIN a became part of added cost beca	nd is priced lil the unit cost c ause there we	ke an insurance of the item and the ore no seals, mo	policy. The cor hus increased coving parts, little	mmercial war ontract cost. lubricnt - noth	ranties It did h ning to l	for subasser nowever have break - adde	mblies and a a very fa d little valu	l comp vorable ie.	onents are r cost benefi	rolled up in it in the ope	to this w	arranty a	rrangen	ent
Narrative - Positive:	 - Huge success is reliab - Government accepted - One service preferred i - No warranty on this corbumper" coverage on an 	contractor furnis ts warranty clau ntract, but the co	se and accept	ed some modifi	cation to it which	h aligned it w							sentially	provides	"bumpe	er to

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ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: E01 Use of Open Systems Approach

Description: Integrated business/engineering strategy to choose specs & stds adopted by industry stds bodies or defacto stds for selected system interfaces

Citation: DoD5000.2 (4.3.4); USD(A&T) memo, 29 Nov94; USD(A&T) memo, 10 Jul 96

Implementation 11/29/94 Avg Awareness Levi Date:	el: 2.8	Personnel Intervi	ewed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wid		QA
Date.					✓				✓	
Expected Outcome:		Total Number		lone		Minor		Significa	ant	
Reduced contract schedule; reduced contract cost; increased quality (more effective solutions); increased access to	Time	74	29	39.19%	1	1.35%		44 5	9.46%	
commercial.	Cost	74	27	36.49%	6	8.11%		41	55.41%	
	Quality	74	32	43.24%	2	2.70%		40 5	54.05%	
	Commercial Access	74	19	25.68%	24	4 32.43%		31 4	41.89%	

Implementation	า	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrier K	
Level	Sum	25	34	19	14	74	17	54		75	12	76	
2.9	Weighted Sum	49	112	41	19	147	17	122		143	32	218	

Unexpected

- Cost (-): Had to use an ADA processor - there was a faster, less expensive processor on the market. This increased instant and life cycle costs.

Outcomes:

- Cost (+): State of the art technology allowed implementation of the key capability in this system at unexpectedly low prices. With open system, you get concurrency, that gets the cost down.

Narrative - Positive:

- Open system has a profound positive impact on cost new functionality at no cost increase
- Real improvement will come later in program life in reduced O&S costs
- AR Impact
- "Been moving in this direction time reduction 50% from 60's & 70's; ADA outside of commercial architecture but still answer to real time imbedded software.

Quality improvement as long as customer is amenable to this approach - can deviate from open architecture; thruput utilization & memory utilization has increased in some cases - less efficient.

A lot of commercial offerings don't meet environmental requirements - temperature extremes, shock & vibration - points you to a smaller degree of the commercial market"

- This measure has been reasonably well implemented. To the degree that it is not well implemented, the reason is the cost to change the design.
- Beyond Open Systems Approach, contractor allowed to use commercial software, which gave total flexibility.

Narrative -

- the implementation level is low because of the use of a hybrid product approach

Negative:

- Customized applications ADA related. Specifically, ADA was required no waiver was applied for. Forced contractor to use an ADA compatible processor which drove up costs
- Inability to control the design of commercial by customer
- software upgrades done broken out by service. Former subcontractor is now a prime contractor builds black boxes with proprietary software & boxes are furnished as GFE.

ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: E02 Use of quick (rapid) prototyping in software development The creation of a working model of a software module to demonstrate the feasibility of the function. The prototype is later refined for inclusion in a final product. Description: Citation: DoDD 5000.1 (D.1.h): MIL-STD 498: DoD TAFIM. vol I (3.10) (4.2.2) Implementation 11/2/94 Personnel Interviewed: Contracting Engr Finance Mfa Plant Wide PM QA Ava Awareness Level: 2.6 Date: **V** Significant **Expected Outcome: Total Number** None Minor Time Reduced contract schedule; reduced contract cost; increased 7.81% 64 23 35.94% 5 36 56.25% quality. Cost 64 21 32.81% 9 14.06% 34 53.13% Quality 64 34 53.13% 2 3.13% 28 43.75% Commercial Access Implementation Barrier A Barrier B Barrier C Barrier D Barrier E Barrier F Barrier G Barrier H Barrier I Barrier J Barrier K Level Sum 22 39 19 6 20 10 73 10 63 48 50 2.9 Weighted Sum 44 45 80 97 12 20 101 14 97 110 140 Unexpected - Time (+), Cost (+): Government testing cost also decreased substantially as a result of this measure - Time (-), Cost (-): Customers (lack of) expertise in software development makes it difficult to change the accepted practice. Outcomes: Narrative -- Doing this since 1987-88; increasing since then. One program had schedule & cost reductions = 50%; Not much on large program (production); new development program in place; existing Positive: programs - not widely used. -There were savings on this contract as a result of this initiative - a small percentage of total contract cost, but still many millions.

Narrative -Negative:

- Implementation eliminates critical process steps (e.g. peer reviews as in process quality checks are eliminated) results in problems not detected soon enough defects tend to be higher during integration concept ok, problem is company approach to rapid prototyping.
- Program Director senses a government backlash against rapid prototyping and the increasing levels as a replacement for the classic approach. Should consider some way of achieving an appropriate level that both the government and contract can live with.
- It's difficult to overcome the current comfort level, particularly with safety issues. Validation of new techniques causes a lag
- The contractor and customer feel comfortable with their existing company procedures. Because of the increased cost to implement prototyping and the perceived risk of relying on the prototype, they are both reluctant to change the company wide procedure.
- Only problem is that auto code generation is still immature (rapid prototyping software automatically generates code for system)

	,	O Standardizatio	ii Fiaclices, i	i iliicipies di Coi	iliguration iviana	igement), Ar	/IC-F-	/ 13-17, PDDE	z, IVIIL-HUDI	N-01				
Implementat Date:	ion 3/15/94	Avg Awar	reness Level:	3.0	Personr	nel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	Q/
Date:									✓				✓	
xpected Out	come:				Total N	umber	N	None		Minor		Significant		
	ract schedule; reduced c effective solutions); incre		reased	Time	80		35	43.75%	3	3.75%		42 52.50	1%	
ommercial.	,			Cost	80		30	37.50%	1	0 12.50%		40 50.0	0%	
				Quality	80		45	56.25%	6	6 7.50%		29 36.2	5%	
				Commercial Access	80		35	43.75%	2	25 31.25%		19 23.7	5%	
nplementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F E	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier	I Barrier J	Bar	rier K
Level	Sum	17	13	6	13	99		2	137	1	32			50
3.0	Weighted Sum	27	37	6	13	183		4	366	1	78	15		160
Jnexpected	- Cost (-): In removing o	ld rules, people	are more con	fused. Now tailo	ored decisions m	ust be made	& con	nmunicated. I	Lack of stan	ddardization cre	ates it's ov	configuration co	ntrol & c	lepot -
	- Cost (+): Whole logistic savings in cost of supporting - Cost (+): Maintenance qualification & testing - Cost reduced 15% - si	ort will be enorma costs reduced b	ous - what doe because contr	es it really cost to actor is responsi	o put an organic ible for design a	depot capab nd subseque	ility in nt mai	place - much ntenance cos	cheaper at r ts - can mak	manufacturer - a se changes to fix	ll personne dsign pro			ere.
Outcomes:	- Cost (+): Whole logistic savings in cost of supportion - Cost (+): Maintenance qualification & testing	ort will be enorma costs reduced b	ous - what doe because contr	es it really cost to actor is responsi	o put an organic ible for design a	depot capab nd subseque	ility in nt mai	place - much ntenance cos	cheaper at r ts - can mak	manufacturer - a se changes to fix	ll personne dsign pro			eady the

ACQUISITIO	N REFORM CHANGE EI	LEMENT: E04	\$ Streamline	ed procedures fo	or review/approva	al of enginee	ring ch	ange propos	sals (ECPs))						
Description:	In performance base	ed acquisitions,	ECPs are rest	tricted to those a	affecting DoD's p	erformance	require	ements with	concurrent	elimina	tion of CL I	I ECPs				
Citation:	MIL Specs & Standa	ards Reform PA	T - MIL-STD-9	973D												
Implementa Date:	ition 1/1/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	1.9	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting		F	inance	Mfg	Plan	t Wide	PM	QA
									✓						✓	
Expected Out	tcome:				Total N	lumber		None		Min	or		Sig	nificant	_	
Reduced con	tractor time (ecp cycle); re	educed ecp cyc	le costs.	Time	50		14	28.00%		9	18.00%		27	54.00%	6	
				Cost	50		21	42.00%		19	38.00%		10	20.00	%	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access												
Implementati Level	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	В	arrier F	Barrier G	Ва	rrier H	Barrier I		Barrier J	Barr	ier K
	Sum	18			14	55		13	170		10	59				51
2.5	Weighted Sum	28			26	110		22	348		20	194				142
Unexpected Outcomes:	Cost (-): Increased cost	due to potentia	I miscues and	miscommunica	tions - informalit	y has its price	Э									
Narrative - Positive:	- Reduction in ECP proc - Paperless ECP - time - Contractor has CL II; u - IPTs help; also using - ECPs are batched - go	cycle reduced for uses IPT on class alpha contractir	rom 1 year to 0 ss I, also alpha ng approach o	6 months; cost - a contracting; jo n ECPs	· 55 people work int CCB with pro	ing this to 35 gram office.		·			save mnor a	admin cost	s (2%)	ı.		
Narrative - Negative:	Joint venture relationslSchedule pressures slTakes longer than befoClass I ECPs painfully	ightly inhibit effe ore due to less e	ective impleme expertise in pro	entation of this. ogram office and	Key personnel a		ing oth	ner issues -	slowing dov	wn ECP	processino	g.				

Implementatio	DoDD5000.1 (D.2.f); n 3/15/96		reness Level:	2.5	Personi	nel Interviewe	d:	Contracting	Engr		Finance	Mfg	Plant	Wide	PM	QA
Date:									✓						✓	
xpected Outco	me:				Total N	umber	N	one		М	inor		Sigi	nificant		
deduced contra	ct schedule; reduced co	ntract cost; inc	creased	Time	66		32	48.48%		2	3.03%		32	48.48%	1	
dailty .				Cost	66		30	45.45%		4	6.06%		32	48.489	6	
				Quality	66		38	57.58%		1	1.52%		27	40.91%	, D	
				Commercial Access												
nplementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F E	Barrier G	В	Barrier H	Barrier I	E	Barrier J	Barr	ier K
Level	Sum	4	55	16	35	59		20	111			95				25
2.8	Weighted Sum	8	109	22	61	119		40	221			210				50
	Time (-), Cost (-): Incre Time (-), Cost (-): Incre Cost (-): Some increase	ase in simulations es in cost due t	on has NOT re to duplication.	esulted in a common Contractor may	mensurate decre	anyway.		est articles. I	Expect to s	see m	ore savings	as the AR	commu	unity gains	a highe	er

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE ELE	EMENT: E06	Survivabilit	y/lethality testing	g below end-item	level								
Description:	SECDEF may issue w	aiver allowing	survivability/le	ethality testing of	components, s	ystems and su	bsystem	5						
Citation:	PL 103-355, Sec. 3014	4 (FASA); Dep	SecDef policy	/ memo, 6/26/95	5; DoDI 5000.2 (3.4.9)								
Implementat Date:	ion 10/13/96	Avg Awar	reness Level:	1.3	Person	nel Interviewed	d: Co	ntracting	g Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outo	come:				Total N	umber	None)		Minor		Significant		
Reduced cont	ract cost			Time					•					
				Cost	11		6	54.55%		1 9.09%		4 36.3	6%	
				Quality							4 36.36%			
				Commercial Access										
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrie	r F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrie	er K
Level	Sum				5	20		5	20					
3.0	Weighted Sum				15	45		5	65					
Unexpected Outcomes:														
Narrative - Positive:	- Waiver received for com	ponent/subsys	stem end item	testing - reduce	ed numbers buil	t by 20%.								
Narrative - Negative:	- EMI testing still requires - This program is primarily fire testing.								evaluating	, but company ex	pects gover	nment will requ	iire expens	sive live

ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: E07 Concurrent developmental testing (DT)/operational testing (OT) T&E programs structured to integrate all DT&E,OT&E, live fire, and modeling & simulation activities conducted by different agencies. Description: Citation: DoD 5000.2 (3.4): Army Thrust Area IV Implementation Ava Awareness Level: 2.3 Personnel Interviewed: Plant Wide PM QA 12/13/96 Contracting Enar Finance Mfa Date: **V Expected Outcome: Total Number** None Minor Significant Time Reduced contract schedule; reduced contract cost. 29.82% 57 17 6 10.53% 34 59.65% Cost 57 7 27 47.37% 23 40.35% 12.28% Quality Commercial Access Implementation Barrier A Barrier B Barrier C Barrier D Barrier E Barrier F Barrier G Barrier H Barrier I Barrier J Barrier K Level Sum 27 2 22 50 9 115 45 20 6 3.0 Weighted Sum 47 120 36 13 203 125 40 Unexpected - Time (-), Cost (-): Resource constraints - too much testing concurrency for available resources - tried to keep all the class test tasks (M-Demos, etc.) without setting priorities on test asset Outcomes: - Cost (-): Not enough test resources to go around in a compressed test cycle - did not adequately permit parallel testing - Cost (-): Compression of the test schedule for destructive testing and operational testing creates a domino situation of sequential events that is very success oriented. When test results reflect a defect or need to retest, it puts a cost strain on the contractor to come up with an acceptable fix which permits maintaining schedule to finish the test scenarios. - Cost (-): Compression of DTE and OTE, while saving some time, resulted in increased cost. A test defect finding in one area resulted in re-testing in another test sequence. Did not get the benefit of optimizing test resources since items were needed to support simultaneous tests resulting in peaks and valleys in utilization - Quality (+): Quality improved due to earlier knowledge of potential operational deficiencies Narrative -- Repetitive, duplicative agency testing greatly subsided. Government used to do contractor test in the government facility to verify. That is minimal now. Positive: - Biggest impact - no surprises in OT - eliminates recycle which can result in time delays. - Cost savings less than 1%, but still in excess of several million \$ - Benefits of combined DT/OT was improvement in testing synergy between the government and industry from having government military user people involved earlier. Better data test results Narrative - Government insists on multiple and separate testing so they get independent results - rice bowl issues - drives major cost growth. Negative: - OT community has decided to treat DT/OT as OT. Requirements on hardware/ software fidelity is the same as it would be in OT - however in DT it can normally change. The OT

- No good guidance - sequence of testing has worked so well that fear of increased risk prevents adoption. Should focus on this during development of TEMP

community want the baseline frozen earlier.

ACQUISITION F	REFORM CHANGE ELE	EMENT: E08	S USE OF COM	imerciai engine	ering drawing p	ractices								
Description:	MIL-STD-100 being realso, use of CALS CIT					tion in level of	detail	required in d	Irawings du	ue to revision o	f MIL-T-3100	0 to conf	form with I	MIL-STD-961
Citation:	Revised MIL-STD-100)												
Implementation Date:	n 2/1/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.4	Person	nel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg ✓	Plant	Wide	PM QA
Expected Outcor	me:				Total N	Number	N	one		Minor		Sign	ificant	
•	ost related to drawings.			Time	41		11	26.83%		18 43.90	- %	12	29.27%	
				Cost	41		12	29.27%		17 41.46	%	12	29.27%	ó
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F E	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	В	arrier J	Barrier K
Implementation Level	Sum	Barrier A 5	Barrier B 13	Barrier C	Barrier D 5	Barrier E 18	Ва	rrier F E	Barrier G 37	Barrier H 75	Barrier I 35	В	arrier J	Barrier K 31
	Sum Weighted Sum						Ва					В	arrier J	
Level 2.6 Unexpected - Outcomes: Narrative -		5 10 er to implement could not adjust creased subco p floor used to d more willings	t than expected st to the communitract cost \$1N MILSTD 100.	18 64 d. Developing n ercial style draw f if implemented	5 12 new procedures vings. Needs to d by the prime	18 60 was time con train his mar	suminç ufactu	23 63 g and costly ring floor peo	37 81 ople better	75 144	35	В	arrier J	31
Level 2.6 Unexpected - Outcomes: - Outcom	Weighted Sum Time (-), Cost (-): Harde Cost (-): Subcontractor of Cost (-): Would have inc Time (-): People on sho Pleased to see more an	5 10 In to implement could not adjust creased subcoop floor used to d more willing regineering drauipment only - g unique forma	t than expected to the commontract cost \$1M MILSTD 100. ness to use corawings now only 6-7% of thats for their dra	18 64 d. Developing nercial style draw fi implemented htractor drawing the entire contra wings - driving	5 12 new procedures vings. Needs to d by the prime gs in lieu of government of the success multiple legends	18 60 was time con o train his mar ernment species in terms of to	suming ufactu fied - g	23 63 g and costly ring floor pec ood progress	37 81 ople better	75 144 ade.	35	В	arrier J	31

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: E09	Use of EDI	to streamline e	ngineering desi	gn and testin	g (e.g.	., JEDMICS,	CMIS)							
Description:	Use of automated too receives/delivers dra			ctor interface in	standardized ma	anner & opei	ate in	integrated da	atabase en	vironme	ent. Eliminat	te lost ape	ture ca	ards ; contr	actor	
Citation:	Navy Cardinal Point	1-3 and 4-1; D	raft MIL-HDBK	-91												
Implementati Date:	ion 12/1/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.8	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	g Engr	F	Finance	Mfg	Plar	nt Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outo	come:				Total N	lumber	1	None		Mir	nor		Si	gnificant		
Reduced time/ drawings.	cost related to drawings;	increased qual	ity in	Time	86		39	45.35%		28	32.56%		19	22.099	/	
diawiiigs.				Cost	86		36	41.86%		33	38.37%		17	19.77	" %	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access												
Implementatio	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	В	arrier F	Barrier G	Ва	arrier H	Barrier	l	Barrier J	Bar	rier K
Level	Sum	13	34	18	13	44		47	47		30	156		20		58
2.8	Weighted Sum	19	91	43	29	108		114	100		90	332		50		124
Unexpected Outcomes:	- Cost (-): Cost up due to - Quality (+): Use of EDI - Time (+): This initiative	for drawings re facilitates prov	esults in at leas iding data to su	t 80% improven ubs/vendors - no	ot time constrain	ned; enhance	s abilit	ty to manage	revs & cha	•		ing issues	-			
Narrative - Positive:	- Although low in applica - All CAD - \$1million in s			re were high sav	vings in schedul	e and cost re	elated t	o drwaings a	and design	data di	ie to EDI					
Narrative - Negative:	- Problems with EDI - Ea contractors with a large of - Licensing issues - gove different with each office - Contractor unable to ta	customer base. ernment wants to . Contractor m	to see the draw	ving, but doesn' late multiple gov	t have the licens	se to use the are & hard wa	softwa	are that the c	· ·			٠.		·		ı -

Description:	Tailoring scope of Dodeficiencies	CAA audits bas	ed upon risk a	ssessment meth	nodology; Provid	ded and discu	issed v	with contract	or executive	es annually. Objed	ctive - work	with contractor	to correc	t
Citation:	ICAPS (Internal Conf	trol Audit Plann	ing Summary)	- FY 94										
Implementation Date:	n 10/1/94	Avg Awa	reness Level:	1.8	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	g Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
xpected Outco	me:				Total N	lumber	١	None		Minor		Significant		
educed overall	contractor cost related	to oversight.		Time										
				Cost	47		24	51.06%		20 42.55%		3 6.38%	6	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
mplementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	В	arrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barri	er K
Level	Sum	27		3		15			248		25	2		
2.6	Weighted Sum	38		3		46			674		73	6		
Unexpected Dutcomes:														
Positive: -	Fewer field pricing revieus DCAA has been putting DCAA only beginning to approach.	g big emphasis	on final rates	supporting conti	ractor close-out.		•			·		rather than stau	nch new	attitud
legative: -	As government busine: ICAPS being used as r CAPS ratings dropped of DCAA doesn't appear	means to justify when resident a	staffing - mor auditor left.	e risk, more peo	ple. Changes ir	n resident au			•	-	though prod	cesses/systems	are the	same.

ACQUISITION F	REFORM CHANGE ELE	MENT: F02	Use of tailo	ored negotiation	of forward pricin	g rates								
Description:	Establish tailored FPR	As for smaller	contracts whe	en facility wide a	greement not po	ossible; Reneç	otiate e	elements o	f FPRA ver	sus total agreeme	nt			
Citation:	CASPAT (Chapter 13)	; DCMC One	Book (DLAD	5000.4) - Part 5,	Chapter 3.									
Implementation	n 6/1/96	Avg Awaı	reness Level:	1.2	Personi	nel Interviewe	d: C	Contracting	g Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
-								✓		✓				
Expected Outco					Total N	umber	Noi	ne		Minor		Significant	_	
Reduced overall	I contractor cost related to	o oversight.		Time										
				Cost	21		12	57.14%		6 28.57%		3 14.29)%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barr	ier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrie	ar K
Level	Sum	20	Barrier B	Damer 0	4	22	Dan	101 1	45	9	Barrier	Damer	Dame	,, ,,
2.7	Weighted Sum	80			16	69			159	26				
Unexpected Outcomes:														
Narrative Positive:	FPRAs do not seem to b	e a problem.	Current FPRA	A in effect.										
	No current FPRA and ha Lack of a current FPRA i			ious company o	rganizational cha	anges.								

REFORM CHANGE ELE	MENT: F03	Direct subr	nission of cost v	vouchers to DF/	AS										
Contractors with adequ	uate billing sy	stems authoriz	ed by DCAA to	submit direct co	osts (other tha	n first	and last)								
Departmental Ltr 96-01	13; DFARS 24	42.803, (DAC 9	91-11); DCAA r	memo 22 July 9	6; DFAS mer	no 23	Dec 96.								
n 5/21/96	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.9	Person	nel Interviewe	d:	Contracting	g Engr	Fina	nce	Mfg	Plant W	/ide	PM	QA
									V	<u>'</u>					
me:				Total N	lumber	N	lone		Minor			Signifi	cant	_	
elated to cash flow cycle			Time	25		8	32.00%		12 4	8.00%		5	20.00%		
			Cost												
			Quality												
			Commercial Access												
	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ba	arrier F	Barrier G	Barrie	 er H	Barrier I	Ba	rrier J	Barrie	er K
Sum	18			3	17			10			32				
Weighted Sum	57			3	48			34			88				
						xpect	to reduce to	urnaround t	ime from 1	4-16 da	ays to 11-14	4 days.			
					getting there s	ooner	:								
	Contractors with adequate Departmental Ltr 96-01 in 5/21/96 ime: Sum Weighted Sum Using EDI on progress p Direct submission of cost	Contractors with adequate billing system of the properties of the	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC stands of 5/21/96 Avg Awareness Level: Me: Barrier A Barrier B Sum 18 Weighted Sum 57 Using EDI on progress payments now, targeting Sep Direct submission of cost vouchers in place- with electors. DCAA resistance - series of reasons used - may be a series of reasons used - may	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA resistance - series of reasons used - may be resolved in near	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct of Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 9 n 5/21/96 Avg Awareness Level: 2.9 Person Time: Total N 25	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 5/21/96 Avg Awareness Level: 2.9 Personnel Interviewed Person	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 in 5/21/96 Avg Awareness Level: 2.9 Personnel Interviewed: Total Number	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96 Avg Awareness Level: 2.9 Personnel Interviewed: Contracting Total Number None Time 25 8 32.00% Cost Quality Commercial Access Barrier A Barrier B Barrier C Barrier D Barrier E Barrier F Sum 18 3 17 Weighted Sum 57 3 48 Using EDI on progress payments now, targeting Sept. 97 for cost vouchers and DD250s. Direct submission of cost vouchers in place- with electronic submission to begin next fiscal year, expect to reduce to	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96	Contractors with adequate billing systems authorized by DCAA to submit direct costs (other than first and last) Departmental Ltr 96-013; DFARS 242.803, (DAC 91-11); DCAA memo 22 July 96; DFAS memo 23 Dec 96. In 5/21/96

	REFORM CHANGE E	LEMENT: F04	4 Use of cor	mmercial and oth	ner exemptions f	or cost or pric	ing da	ta								
Description:	Created exemptions	to requirement	for cost or pri	cing data for ser	vices & modifica	tions to comn	nercial	items: also, fo	or noncom	petitiv	ve buys for o	commercia	l items	S.		
Citation:	PL 103-355, Subtitle	IB; FAC 90-32	; FAR Case 9	4-721(FAR 15.8	04)											
Implementatio	on 10/1/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.9	Personi	nel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	F	Finance	Mfg	Plan	t Wide	PM	QA
Date:								✓			✓					
Expected Outco	ome:				Total N	umber	N	one	-	Mir	nor		Sig	gnificant	_	
Reduced PALT; commercial.	; reduced Bid & Propos	al costs; greate	er access	Time	29		9	31.03%		4	13.79%		16	55.17%	, D	
				Cost	29		10	34.48%		2	6.90%		17	58.629	%	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access	29		19	65.52%		2	6.90%		8	27.59%	6	
mplementation	1	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F B	Sarrier G	Ва	arrier H	Barrier I		Barrier J	Barr	ier K
Level	Sum	32			5	16			46			10		1		
3.1	Weighted Sum	59			15	58			95			40		3		
	Time (-): Implemenation			subcontractors de	ealing with prime	es than prime	s enga	ging PCOs. \$	Subcontrac	ct adn	ninistrators a	at prime lev	el are	normally n		
Narrative	- One perceptible chang - Contractor has develo															
Narrative Positive: -																

ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: F05 New order of priority for information/Adjustment of TINA threshold FASA recognized reliance on unnecessary cost or pricing data increases proposal preparation costs, extends acquisition lead times & wastes resources. Description: Citation: PL 103-355, Subtitle IB; FAC 90-22; FAC90-32: Implementation 10/1/95 2.6 Personnel Interviewed: Contracting Engr Finance Mfa Plant Wide PM QA Ava Awareness Level: Date: **✓ V** Significant **Expected Outcome: Total Number** None Minor Time Reduced PALT; reduced Bid & Proposal costs. 34 7 20.59% 35.29% 15 44.12% 12 Cost 34 9 26.47% 32.35% 14 41.18% 11 Quality Commercial Access Implementation Barrier A Barrier B Barrier C Barrier D Barrier E Barrier F Barrier G Barrier H Barrier I Barrier J Barrier K Level Sum 47 82 139 32 2.0 Weighted Sum 124 303 395 98 Unexpected Outcomes: Narrative -- Contracting office waived submission of certified cost or pricing data - result was a three month PALT versus normal 12 month - this was third TINA waiver for this company. Positive: Narrative -- Had one exemption but very next year government required certified cost or pricing data - cultural resistance revolves around concern that PCO will be criticized for not obtaining certified cost or pricing data. Negative: - In no instance has the contractor be relieved of submission of cost or pricing data; however, the irony is that PCO not relying on cost package to validate price - using parametrics. - Waiver granted for TINA. However, customer still required extensive detailed data - resulted in extended negotiations. - Part of the problem is that PCOs are used to operating with specific, nonflexible guidelines. They are having some difficulty in discharging the flexibility they now possess.

- Government needs a training course that makes PCOs more comfortable with using price analysis for fair and reasonable price determinations.

Citation: Implementation Date:	D, DP memo, 28 Au 8/28/95	_												
	8/28/95													
Date:		Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.5	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	g Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PΝ	Л Q
								✓		✓				
xpected Outcor	ne:				Total N	Number	N	one		Minor		Significan	t	
Reduced PALT;	reduced Bid & Propos	sal costs.		Time	43		17	39.53%	_	11 25.58%		15 34.	38%	
				Cost	43		16	37.21%		13 30.23%		14 32	.56%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier	J E	Barrier K
Level	Sum	63				43		35	162	12	32			13
2.2	Weighted Sum	214				146		70	462	28	54			36
Implementation Level 2.2 Jnexpected Outcomes:		63	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	43	Ва	35	162	12	32	Barrier	J	E

- Prime did accept parametrics on increased requirement (i.e., when requirement increased after submission of certified cost or pricing data on original requirement).

- Contractor not necessarily ready to embrace parametric cost estimating due to large investment in cost capturing systems.
- Parametrics not being accepted by government PCOs. Both the contractor and the government need to be more proactive. Significant overhead expense tied up in generating cost or

Positive:

Narrative -

pricing data.

Negative:

subsystem/component level and to some extent, the process level.

- Contractor upper level management needs training on this.

- Cultural problem with both government and industry - not enough confidence.

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: F07	Reduced n	number of TINA	sweeps									
Description:	Use of agreed cut-off	date to elimina	ate endless TIN	NA sweeps prior	to contract sign	ing								
Citation:	PL 103-355, sec 1207	7 (FASA); FAC	90-32;Proc P	AT - Rec. 7A - I	DCAA Audit Gui	dance 2 Jun	95							
Implementat Date:	tion 9/18/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.1	Personr	nel Interviewe	:d: (Contracting	Engr	Finance 🗸	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outo	come:				Total No	umber	No	ne		Minor		Significant		
Reduced Bid 8	& Proposal costs.			Time					•				_	
				Cost	23		11	47.83%		8 34.78%		4 17.39	1%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation	n	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Bar	rier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barr	ier K
Level	Sum	43			10	50			72		5			10
2.3	Weighted Sum	160			40	200			195		15			10
Unexpected Outcomes:	- FAR language changed	l but SF 1411 l	anguage has r	not been change	d; thus there is	no relief on s	weeps.							
Narrative - Positive:	- With more ALPHA cont - For FY 96, normal proc - PCOs are agreeing with - Command used a serie	edure is to disc n bill of materia	close as receival cut-off date, r	ved - one final sw not labor.	veep at contract	settlement.								
Narrative - Negative:	- There is little evidence to date Even if available to us, or	Ü		0 0			·		or acknowle	dges that it needs	to be more	aggressive in a	asking fo	r cut-off

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE E	LEMENT: FO	3 Use of per	formance-based	d progress payr	ments							
Description:	Contract financing ba	ased on output	outcome versu	us input (labor, n	naterials and o	verhead costs)	- applicable on	ly on contracts	for non-comme	rcial items av	warded non-con	npetitively.	
Citation:	PL 103-355, Sec 20	01 (FASA); FA	C 90-33										
Implementat	ion 9/26/95	Avg Awa	areness Level:	2.3	Perso	nnel Interviewe	d: Contrac	ting Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Date:							✓		✓			✓	
Expected Out	come:				Total	Number	None		Minor		Significant		
Impacts time -	Incentivizes contractor to	o adhere to del	very	Time	33	3	21 63.64	<u> </u>			12 36.36	%	
				Cost									
				Quality									
				Commercial Access									
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrie	r K
Level	Sum	33		13	10	66	46	36	19	20	7		10
2.2	Weighted Sum	132		46	37	216	184	92	62	80	21		40
Unexpected Outcomes:	- Time (-): When perform milestone schedules.	mance based p	rogress payme	ents are used, ta	kes longer to p	rocess invoices	- customers p	ut on additiona	l requirements v	vhich unfavo	rably influence	ability to m	eet
Narrative - Positive:	 Very happy - full PCO Negotiating performandapproval and spot check For one major program 	ce based progr king.	ess payments	·	•				•	ment - hope	to have some s	ort of proc	ess
Narrative - Negative:	 Don't let government g Tried to negotiate perfet o milestones. Problem with training I 	ormance based	financing struc	cture - couldn't r	each an agreer	ment on milesto	nes and comp			· ·			
	not be a basis for rejecti				aara ioi aooopii	and of middlin		ous illiai accep		o. aloutopan	oloo triat will be	inco iatoi	Silouid

ACQUISITION F	REFORM CHANGE EL	LEMENT: F09	Use of EDI	to facilitate con	tractor paymen	t								
Description:	Use of EDI for busine progress payments &						data ei	rrors & trans	saction co	sts; use of DFAS	Major Con	tract Payment S	System for	
Citation:	PL 104-134 (Debt Co	ollection Act of	1996), sec 310	01(x)(1); Direct	or, DFAS memo	o, 3/20/95.								
Implementation Date:	n 3/20/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.7	Persor	nel Interviewed	: C	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcor	me:				Total N	Number	Nor	ne		Minor		Significant		
Reduced cash flo	low cycle time			Time	25		9	36.00%		9 36.00%		7 28.00)%	
				Cost										
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barr	ier F E	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrie	er K
Implementation														
Implementation Level	Sum	45				10			15		70			
•	Sum Weighted Sum	45 120				10 20			15 40		70 130			
Level											_			
Level 2.9 Unexpected Outcomes:		120				20	ayment	is significal	40	ng payment TAT.	130			

ACQUISITION	REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: MO	1 Use of con	nmercial solderii	ng/other comme	rcial manufa	cturing	practices							
Description:	MIL-STD 2000A was capitalized upon whe			equired on new o	contracts. SPI is	s being utilize	ed to re	move off exi	sting contrac	cts. The use of ex	xisting mai	nufactu	ıring proce	esses sh	nall be
Citation:	DoD5000.2 (4.3.1);	SECDEF mem	o, 6 Dec 95; U	JSD (A&T) mem	o, 8 Dec 95; (SF	기)									
Implementatio	on 6/1/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	3.0	Personi	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plan	t Wide	PM	QA
Date:											✓			✓	✓
Expected Outco	ome:				Total N	lumber	N	lone		Minor		Sig	nificant		
	act schedule; reduced co ed access to commercia		creased	Time	86		56	65.12%	1	0 11.63%		20	23.26%	- 6	
				Cost	86		42	48.84%	1	3 15.12%		31	36.05	%	
				Quality	86		74	86.05%				12	13.95	%	
				Commercial Access	86		45	52.33%	2	28 32.56%		13	15.12	%	
Implementation	1	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I		Barrier J	Barr	ier K
Level	Sum	2		18	14	68		39	10	15	44				20
3.3	Weighted Sum	6		49	23	211		122	26	45	108				70
	- Cost (-): Up front cost i - Time (-), Cost (-): Prime			enced manufactu	uring problems a	as a result of	using c	commercial p	processes						
Positive: -	- Soldering - use compar - Savings in vendor price - Contractor wrote its ow - Projects future cost sav	es - 60-65% of on soldering spe	systems cost. ec specifically t	for this program.	This greatly inc	creased qual	ity. Imp	olemented th	is shift a yea	ar before DoD too				raining.	
Negative: -	Contractor's soldering of Company soldering pra ANSI J 001 class 3 is e QA manager says cand This is a legacy progra	actice was esse essentially the s cellation of MIL	entially as string same as MILS -STD 2000A h	gent as MILSTD TD 2000 - no rea as complicated l	al savings; Clas his life by makin	s 1 would sa g the quality	ve mor and pra	ney - not imp actice of sup	lemented. pliers more o			ere isn'i	t a valid, u	niversal	practice.

Implementa	tion 2/27/95	Ava Awai	reness Level:	2.1	Persor	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Date:		3									✓			✓
Expected Out	tcome:				Total N	Number	١	lone		Minor		Significant		
Reduced con	tract cost; increased acces	ss to commerci	al.	Time					•					
				Cost	15		13	86.67%				2 13.3	3%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access	15		12	80.00%		3 20.009	6			
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F E	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Bar	rier K
Level	Sum	10	10			10				10	40			20
2.7	Weighted Sum	10	40			40				40	40			60
Unexpected Outcomes: Narrative - Positive:	- Cost (-): Customer prev - Cost (-): Increase in do - Implementation is about	cumentation red	quirements w	th the alternative	es					dly. Full implem	entation is in	nminent.		
Narrative - Negative:	- Need suitable alternative calibration contractor to cancellation of MILSTD Not only is this a legacy This is a candidate for S	calibrate GFE e 45662A. y program, but t	equipment use	ed by the contrac	ctor on this fixed	price contrac	ct (this	was not a req	uirement o	on the contract a	s negotiated	l). This is a res	ult of Do	

ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: P01 Use of Joint Government Industry IPTs IPPD concept includes joint government-industry IPTs, focusing on program execution and identification/implementation of AR. Initiative would resolve program issues in a more timely Description: manner through increased communications Citation: PDUSD (A&T) memo, 28 Oct 94; SECDEF memo, 10 May 95; DoDD 5000.1(D.1.b)(D.3.c) (E.2.f); DoD5000.2 (3.3.5.1)(4.2); AF Lightning Bolt #5; Navy Cardinal Point 1-2,1-3,3-2,3-3; AMC Pam 70-27 Engr Implementation 5/10/95 Avg Awareness Level: 3.6 Personnel Interviewed: Contracting Finance Mfg Plant Wide PMQA Date: **V V ✓ Expected Outcome: Total Number** None Minor Significant Reduced contract schedule; reduced contract cost; increased Time 192 88 45.83% 12 6.25% 92 47.92% quality. Cost 192 95 49.48% 15 7.81% 82 42.71% Quality 95 11 86 192 49.48% 5.73% 44.79% Commercial Access Implementation Barrier A Barrier B Barrier C Barrier D Barrier E Barrier F Barrier G Barrier H Barrier I Barrier J Barrier K Level Sum 27 20 10 67 44 301 4 45 15 137 25 3.4 Weighted Sum 41 15 208 4 59 223 25 104 596 Unexpected - Generates additional action items - added costs result from these items - both sides need to better manage IPTs. Outcomes: Narrative -- On new programs with new design - more fertile ground - absolute winner. - One particular issue would have stretched schedule out from 18 to 24 months - IPT avoided this. Positive: - This company resisted use of IPTs. Have now realized IPTs work and fully endorse this method of management.

- Biggest impact is building trust, not time or cost reduction.
- There are near term cost increases but long term cost avoidance. No impact on contract cost and schedule this is risk reduction.
- Government is more receptive to team based approach to problem solving. Less adversarial. DCMC is very open and readily facilitates team building.

Narrative -

- If problems are simple, it works all right - beyond that problems end up going through normal channels.

Negative:

- More people form the government are now coming to meetings. There are few decisions and a lot more action items. Still need to learn a lot about the IPT process.
- Needs to be guidance concerning authority of IPTs to make decisions and not have contracting officer review unless significant issue.

Description:	Reduction of redund management appro-				ies and prograr	n offices. Cita	itions provi	ded guida	ance for ro	les played by va	rious goverr	ment activities	and use	of a ris
Citation:	DoD5000.2 (3.3.5.5	/6); USD (A&T)	memo, 28 Apr	95; CASPAT -	USD (A&T) me	emo 21 Aug 9	5							
Implementation Date:	n 4/28/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.0	Persor	nnel Interviewe		ntracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg ✓	Plant Wide	PM ✓	QA
xpected Outco	ome:				Total I	Number	None			Minor		Significant		
	ntractor costs associate			Time					•					
	ernment fact-finding vis imilar information	its, technical rev	riews, etc.,	Cost	124	1	76	61.29%		36 29.03%		12 9.68	%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
mplementation	<u> </u>	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrie	F B	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barr	ier K
Level	Sum	33	5		7	155		5	399		36	25		65
2.7	Weighted Sum	47	10		14	440		5	1073		96	50		105
Unexpected Outcomes:														
Positive: -	DCMC sits on the floo MOU on oversight sign Little redundancy; DC	ned by DCMC, o	company and g	overnment prog	gram office to el	liminate redun	dancy.							
	(Puning command) we	ants to monitor o	costs along with							class participant				

ACQUISITION	REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: PO	3 Alignment	of oversight with	n program risk									
Description:	Tailoring contract add standards (DCMC)	ministration bas	sed on risk ass	sessment metho	dology. Transition	on of governn	nent unique	require	ments on e	existing contracts	to commer	cial/contractor	specs an	d
Citation:	DoD5000.2 (3.3.5.5/6	6); CASPAT - I	JSD(A&T) mei	mo 21 Aug 95										
Implementati	ion 8/21/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	1.9	Person	nel Interviewe	ed: Con	tracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Date:							[✓	✓		✓		✓	✓
Expected Outo	come:				Total N	umber	None			Minor		Significant		
	ontract costs related to in am administration	terfacing with		Time										
				Cost	127		84 6	6.14%		6 4.72%		37 29.	13%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementatio	n	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier	F I	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier .	l Bar	rier K
Level	Sum	44	10			87	10)	321		39	14		95
2.9	Weighted Sum	96	20			242	1)	768		115	14		205
Unexpected Outcomes:	- Time (-); Cost (-): DCM	IC risk manage	ment approacl	h has resulted ir	n more work for	contractor pro	ogram office	e; period	dic report n	nust be prepared	for ACO.			
	 Nature of DCMC overs DCMC has moved from Little change in ratio of DCMC is beginning to 	n product surve DCMC people	eillance to proc to contractor v	ess evaluation; vorkforce - howe	personalities so	metimes crea	ate problem	s - DCN	IC methodo	ology is not perfe	ct but their	philosophy is ().K.	
Negative:	 QARs are still inspecting Programmatic people are issued for frivolous remains 	are reform mind	led and getting	involved in IPT						Hardware being	inspected b	ecause of pap	er errors.	DCARS

ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: P04 Tailoring cost/schedule reporting standards to industry guidelines/reduction of contractor mgt system reviews Modification of C/SCSC to accept industry's earned value management criteria. USD (A&T) memo cited stated the industry guidlines (drafted by NSIA, AIA, EIA, SCA and ABA) as Description: acceptable substitutes. DoD PM can tailor K data to specific program needs Citation: OMB Circluar A-11, Part 3 (1996): DoDD 5000.2R, Part 3.3, 4.3; USD (A&T) memo, 14 Dec 96; SPI; Departmental Letter 97-011, DDP, 5 March 97. Implementation 3/5/97 Avg Awareness Level: 2.5 Personnel Interviewed: Contracting Engr Finance Mfg Plant Wide PMQA Date: **V ✓ Expected Outcome: Total Number** None Minor Significant Time Decrease contractor costs related to collection and reporting of cost/schedule information and related mgt system reviews Cost 49 32.65% 15 30.61% 18 36.73% 16 Quality Commercial Access Implementation Barrier A Barrier B Barrier C Barrier D Barrier E Barrier F Barrier G Barrier H Barrier I Barrier J Barrier K Level Sum 18 45 20 51 46 10 3.0 Weighted Sum 52 160 40 40 132 116 Unexpected Outcomes: Narrative - Contractor provides EVMS to government since they generate it for their own purposes - no contractual requirements Positive: - In total agreement with OSD's initiative to tailor cost/schedule reporting standards to industry quidelines. Contractor does not have its own commercial based earned value system. Currently working with DCMC to modify its C/SCS system to provide more summary level reporting. DCMC has been very cooperative. Contractor is finding that in those situations where they are lower tier subcontractor that upper tiers are applying greater pressure to provide current performance data. Accordingly, there is more intensity to get data out, analyzed, and forwarded on time - Reviews added 75% to the cost of this system: Still using full system: Customer now has access to data on line; Reviews reduced/eliminated: EVMS measured weekly - Although not a requirement on this program due to contract type, EVMS used as a management tool (Tailored) - Outcome is not cost savings in redundant CPRs: have established on line system: weekly input -real time-better than working off reports which are 2-3 months old Narrative - Implementation is not as simple as replacement of industry standards versus old cscsc. Companies must inform government as to how they intend to implement industry standards on a Negative: contract basis (approval may be required). - \$2 million contract and government has imposed traditional CSSR requirement in lieu of company's earned value system. - On one study CLIN, PCO dropped CSSR requirement but probably because of funding shortage rather than because of reform; however, in subsequent study CLIN, CSSR requirement imposed - CSPEC requirement on this contract, which is surprising for \$1.5-1.6M cost contract. Probably a function of the requiring activity. DCMC has approved contractor's earned value system. CSSR is imposed on this contract.

Description:	Beginning FY97, all through contractor in			access to, or de	livery of, their pr	ogrammic &	technic	al data in di	gital form.	Preference	e is on-li	ine access	to cont	ractor dev	eloped	data
Citation:	DoD5000.2 (3.3.4.5)	ı														
Implementation	n 10/1/96	Avg Awar	eness Level:	2.7	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	g Engr	Fina	nce	Mfg	Plant	Wide	PM	Q/
Date:															✓	
Expected Outco	ome:				Total N	umber	N	lone		Minor			Sigr	nificant		
Reduced contra deliverables.	act cost; increased qual	ity of major contr	ract	Time											•	
				Cost	61		33	54.10%		2	3.28%		26	42.62%	6	
				Quality	61		44	72.13%					17	27.87%		
				Commercial Access												
Implementation	 I	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	Barrie	er H	Barrier I	E	Barrier J	Barri	er K
Level	Sum	6	6	3	5	11		15	26		12	105				21
3.4	Weighted Sum	6	11	9	10	11		35	35		22	210				21
Outcomes: -	Time (-): Software inco Time (+): Time savings Cost (-): Unexpected in Time (-): Infrastructure Time (+): Shortened re Time (+): Use of EDI h	s - reviewers are mplementation or is inadequate eview & approval as resulted in 30	more involve ost - automat time on prog 0% improvem	d in the process ion (server) & we ram submittals ent in schedule	eb page (includii time		ŕ									
Positive: -	Better communication No specific EDI require The real benefit is the Reviews have been re	ement but compa quality & timeline	any has imple ess of decisio	emented, especia ns.	ally for E-mail tra	ansmission o	f text in	formation.			s to certa	ain degree)				
Negative: -	Computer systems are System now includes sites, & big suppliers. Duplicate electronic ar Still some CDRLs - pa Contractor also deliver	suppliers; difficund paper submitation per; automation	It to collect/us	se standard logised - part of the pr	stics data becau roblem is lack of	se of cancel equipment.	ation of	f mil std 138			ide area	net, includ	ling pro	gram offic	e, users	s, test

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: PO	6 Elimination	of non-value ad	dded reporting r	equirements/0	CDRLs							
Description:	Review and cancellate	tion of obsolete	e/unnecessary	DIDs by service	es, DLA and OS	D; manageme	nt data	items limit	ed to those	essential for effec	tive control.			
Citation:	DoD5000.2 (3.3.5.1);	USD (A&T) n	nemo, 4 Dec 9	5; DoDM-59C; /	AMC pamphlet	70-25;								
Implementat Date:	ion 12/4/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	3.3	Person	nel Interviewe	ed: (Contracting	g Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Out	come:				Total N	Number	No	ne		Minor		Significant		
Decreased co	ntractor costs related to p	reparation of re	eports	Time								-	_	
				Cost	123	3	34	27.64%		44 35.77%		45 36.59	1%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Bar	rier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrie	er K
Level	Sum	22		10	10	93		33	368		39			35
3.0	Weighted Sum	32		20	20	211		103	730		79			65
Unexpected Outcomes:	- Still have informal expe	ectations in lieu	of CDRLs - mi	inimizes cost sa	vings of reduce	d formal repo	rting req	uirements						
Narrative - Positive:	- CDRLs reduced from 8 - CDRL reduction occurri - Government is more re	ing over time th	rough the IPT	process; relate	ed in part to avai		ne data.	A lot of the	his work has	s to be done anyw	ay - only sa	vings is packag	ing.	
Narrative - Negative:	- CDRLs reflect control n - Have 40 CDRLs in the - While reduction of CDR	contract - man	y are non-value	added.			body of	tasks. M	ore flexible,	though, on use of	contractor	format.		

	D0DD5000.1(D.1.1)	; DoDI 5000.2 (3.3.3); USD(A&	T) memo, 4Dec	95/									
Implementa Date:	ition 12/4/95	Avg Awa	areness Level:	2.6	Persor	nnel Interviewe	d: Cont	racting Eng	gr 	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Ou	tcome:				Total N	Number	None		N	linor		Significant		
	life cycle costs			Time										
				Cost	36		18 50	0.00%	1	2.78%		17 47.2	2%	
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementati	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier I	= Barrier G	3 E	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barı	ier K
Level	Sum	10			13	45	13	45			24	20		10
2.8	Weighted Sum	10			23	140	23	130			44	70		40
Unexpected Outcomes: Narrative - Positive:	- Realizing positive impare ongoing how to increase. - Will save in support of	act/outcome rela	ated to CAIV - o	one TRADE stu	dy had \$200 mi and not penalize	illion LCC delta	; this had s					ng term saving	s. Discu	ssions
	- Could realize significa - User community has i	no sense for ba ou limit opportur	lance between nity prior to awa e of CAIV on thi	cost & performard, you've missess program	ance. The PM i	of opportunity.		·			-	eneration proce		

ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: Q01 Use of commercially accepted quality program standards (e.g., ISO 9000 series) Recognition of commercially accepted quality program standards (e.g. ISO 9000 series) in place of MIL-Q-9858 A, MIL-I-45208, etc. This would reduce unnecessary paperwork and Description: eliminate redundant quality assurance systems (both government and commercial) Citation: SECDEF memo, Jun 94; USD (A&T) memo, 14 Feb 94; DFARS Case 95-007, final rule, 30 Nov 95; USD (A&T) memo, 24 Apr 95; USD (A&T) memo, 8 Dec 95; DoD5000.2 (4.3.2) Implementation 10/1/96 Avg Awareness Level: 3.6 Personnel Interviewed: Contracting Engr **Finance** Mfg Plant Wide PM QA Date: **V V Expected Outcome: Total Number** None Minor Significant Time Reduced contract cost; increased quality; increased access to commercial. Cost 94 2.13% 24 68 72.34% 2 25.53% Quality 94 79 84.04% 2 2.13% 13 13.83% Commercial 94 59 62.77% 20 21.28% 15 15.96% Access Implementation Barrier A Barrier B Barrier C Barrier D Barrier E Barrier F Barrier G Barrier H Barrier I Barrier J Barrier K Level Sum 40 33 30 50 15 117 12 30 1 1 2 2 3.3 Weighted Sum 40 79 20 24 90 110 251 60 Unexpected - Cost (-): Increased implementation cost-more frequent audits-every 6 months vs every 2 years when government did them - Cost (-): The nonavailability of commercial alternatives in every case has caused considerable cost impact to develop those alternatives as well as management of rules to qualify their Outcomes: diverse solutions - Time (-), Cost (-): DCMC will not accept third party registration, insists on doing their own independent ISO 9001 audit, and issuing a separate qualification certificate. However, even after they have approved a contractor's ISO 9001 system. DCMC continues to impose themselves in the internal operations of the company, as they did under the old military standards. Prime contractors are allowed to flowdown requirements in excess of those imposed by DoD in the prime contract issued to them. Implementation of these unique requirements cost much to implement, and will result in recurring costs each year to maintain. In addition, primes refuse to recognize subcontractor's ISO 9001 third party/government certification. This despite the fact that some primes were allowed to certify themselves to ISO 9001. Narrative - Using commercial quality programs is a good idea that has intangible benefits that might be reflected over time in reduced overhead; do not feel strongly that there are definitive cost savings Positive: or measurable quality improvements using traditional quality metrics. Do not feel that commercial access improvement was relevant. - Contractor process is by and large as rigorous as the process it replaced: the effect is transparent on cost, quality and commercial. Any savings are in the area of indirect costs which are difficult to measure in terms of overhead reduction - QARs in plant have dropped about 75% while local DCMC population has dropped 50% over the past three years - Company improved quality SYSTEM, but that did not, in and of itself, improve quality. It helped focus people on system issues. Company made dramatic improvements in documentation and some processes - caused them to look at processes & how documented. The goal was optimized system & repeatable process. Once you have a stable process, then you can improve it. ISO 9000 is not the only contributor - but it drives an environment of process improvement. Ultimately better quality product, better performance and / or lower cost. ISO conversion is first step towards performance specs and advanced quality system. - Tangible benefits - root cause analysis is taking hold (scrap rate going down); discipline developing in system. Narrative - While they have block change approval to use ISO 9000, each of the primes have their own individual Q.A. systems which they flow down to contractor. Each represents a ""little different twist" on ISO 9000. So while this contractor now has one Q.A. system versus two (ISO & MILQ-9858) they have to respond to each of the prime's own unique requirements. Negative: - ISO plus add-ons - add-ons limit creativity & growth. Now stuck to that added standard vs. ISO which is very open. Still must have compliant system based on minimum standards, but should be able to go further. - The SPI that converted to ISO ultimately resulted in an increase in quality audits and more written process procedures than 9858 - Government added requirements to contractor's ISO 9000 process, i.e., implemented with provisions - No measurable savings from commercial practices such as ISO. They are being inspected frequently by foreign government teams to verify qualifications. No measurable quality benefits. No commercial access improvement because now have disparate commercial practices at various supplier levels when in the past used standard 9858, etc.

Description:	Elimination/conversi being utilized to cha			ECs & STDs - 8	83D; 454; I-38	535; I-45208;	781; 4 ⁻	15; 2165; 8	310E; most	governme	ent unique	e requirem	ents eli	minated fr	om RF	Ps; S
Citation:	PL103-355, sec8104	4; FAC90-32; D	DD5000.1 (E	D.1.i); DoD5000.	2 (3.3.3.1); SEC	DEF memo	29 Jun	94; SECE	DEF memo,	6 Dec 95;	USD (A8	RT) memo	8 Dec	95		
Implementati	on 6/29/94	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.7	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contractin	ng Engr	Fina	ance	Mfg	Plant	Wide	PM	Q/
Date:															✓	✓
Expected Outo	ome:				Total N	Number	N	one		Minor			Sign	nificant		
Reduced contr	act cost; increased acce	ess to commerci	al.	Time					_							
				Cost	61		28	45.90%	6	6	9.84%		27	44.26%)	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access	61		50	81.97%	%	9	14.75%		2	3.28%		
Implementatio	า	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	Barri	er H	Barrier I	В	Barrier J	Barri	er K
Level	Sum			9	24	69		33	94		10	89		2		50
2.8	Weighted Sum			19	54	170		88	208		30	119		2		150
Narrative - Positive:	 Quality (+): Higher level Quality (-): Elimination Time (+): Time for production Through a company p Quality trains and concerning number of equality of parts Supplier QA - Potential cost/time savers can't book and concerning number of equality of parts 	of some inspectors of some inspe	tion/testing haroved by as r s been a tran ufacturing wo s, thus elimin ings in cost/tionly for one pricial effect on	as adversly impa nuch as 30% due sfer of several m rkers and monito ating tests. Not me once comple rime - all primes parts throughpu	cted quality to reduction of anufacturing ch ors their work as sure what we w te AR implemer must agree to re tt on the line. G	f non-value a secks to the n sinspectors sill be able to ntation achiever eform initiativereatly speed	dded in nanufac do as w ved at s es ng up tl	spections sturing work e move to ubcontract	kers themse more comm or level - cor s.	lves allow ercial (pla nducted A	ring reduc stic) parts R worksh	s. There n	nay be i	increased v	/ariabil	ity on
Negative:	- Implemented at prime Having to prove your c Source inspection req There is a FAR part th	lesign against a uirements remai at states, "The 0	performance n in effect - ri Government r	based spec is hape area for cost eserves the right	arder than compreduction	oliance spec				t as they c	deem nec	essary." T	hus, the	e contracto	r is no	t seei

Description:	paperwork related to				costly but effecti	ve proceaure	s to identity and	correct non-	conforming parts a	ind materia	is. I nis eliminat	es unnecess
Citation:	Cancellation of MIL-S	STD-1520A by I	DSIC (MIL SP	EC/STD Reforn	n), 31 Mar 95							
Implementation Date:	n 3/31/95	Avg Awaı	reness Level:	2.4	Person	nel Interviewe	d: Contractir	ng Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM C
Expected Outco	me:				Total N	lumber	None		Minor		Significant	
Reduction in cor	ntractor costs related to	identification a	nd	Time				-				_
				Cost	48		25 52.08%	6	15 31.25%		8 16.67	%
				Quality								
				Commercial Access								
mplementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barrier K
Level	Sum	3			13	62	12	70	10	16	4	30
3.0	Weighted Sum	12			19	188	18	165	40	64	4	40
Positive: n -	Have been able to redu onconforming. Had effective PROCAS Greatly streamlined the eretofore been throw av	support to add	Iress this area g quantities wi	. Between rece	iving and QA en MC. Governme	igineers, still on nt approved n	onsumes 20-25° ew technology "s	% of their tin	ne, but population o	of nonconfo	rming categorie	s reduced
Negative: th - re	Despite cancellation of nese words were not in The change from 9858. eview. DCMC now look Barrier is that company	the SOW, the of A to ISO9000 a as at corrective	company would nd the govern action AND P	d still have to do ment's interpreta REVENTION no	this anyway. ation of that did row, not just corre	not alleviate arective action.	ny of those requi	rements rela	ated to 1520A. Act	ually, it gav	e DCMC a broa	der area of

ACQUISITION REFORM CHANGE ELEMENT: W01 Single Process Initiative - new requirements/reprocurements and prime/subcontracts

Description: SPI supports MILSPEC & STD reform in DoD by providing a process to do block change removal of government unique requirements off all contracts in a facility; later memos addresed

new requirements, subcontractor issues impeding full implementation of SPI.

Citation: SECDEF memo, 6 Dec 95; USD (A&T) memo, 8 Dec 95 (SPI); Army Thrust Area II; Navy Cardinal Point 3-2; PDUSD(A&T) memo, 30 April 97; USD(A&T) memo, 16 May 97.

Implementation Date:	12/1/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.7	Persor	nnel Interview	ed:	Contracting <	Engr	Finance	Mfg ✓	Plant Wide	PM	
Expected Outcon	ne:				Total N	Number	No	one		Minor		Significant		
	t schedule; reduced co	,	reased	Time	16	9	106	62.72%	1	7.10%		51 30.1	8%	
commercial.	ouve solutions), more	1000 400000 10		Cost	169)	93	55.03%	2	22 13.02%		54 31.	95%	
				Quality	16	9	121	71.60%		10 5.92%		38 22.4	49%	
				Commercial Access	16	9	122	72.19%		41 24.26%		4 2.3	7%	
Implementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Bai	rrier F Ba	arrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier	J B	arrier K
Level	Sum	108	8	3	12	156		27	260		200	12		153
2.8	Weighted Sum	287	20	12	18	331		84	506		508	38		373

Unexpected Outcomes: - Cost (-): While (contractor) has approved block change for ISO 9000, and in our capacity as subcontractor to several prime contractors the change has been incorporated in our subcontracts, each prime has its unique additional requirements which have been imposed.

Narrative -

- SPI process has enabled (contractor) to strengthen relationships with customers who are each represented on Management Council.
- Positive:
- DCMC has been active advocate of SPI.SPI impelled company to re-examine its processes and develop improvements.
- Company using SPI to cut costs and increase safety.

Narrative -

- Biggest problem with SPI has been prime contractor acceptance.
- Negative: Until recently, PCO reluctant to incorporate approved block changes in joint venture contracts.
 - Source of frustration is that block change requests referred to headquarters level for legal review tend to disappear from view, status never provided.
 - SPI outcomes have not been worth the effort. With modest successes achieved, the effort required is considerable and substantive initiatives rejected or beset by inconclusive legal reviews.
 - Government's preoccupation with consideration has extended turnaround time and violated intent of SPI process certified cost or pricing data mentality.

ACQUISITION F	REFORM CHANGE ELE	EMENT: Wo	2 Program S	tability									
Description:	Use of recent statutory associated changes in	•			ty to DoD progra	ams (increase	d use of multiye	ear contracting)- increased stal	bility will redu	ice program res	structuring	g and
Citation:	DoDD5000.1 (D.1.c);	USD(A&T) m	emo, 28Apr95	; AFFARS 5317	7.9103; SECNA	VINST 5000.2	23, App II, Anne	ex A, Sec4; DA	NPam 70-3, 11-0	C-3d.			
Implementation Date:	n 4/28/95	Avg Awa	reness Level:	2.4	Persor	nnel Interviewe	ed: Contract	ing Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcor	me:				Total N	Number	None		Minor		Significant		
Reduced contract	ct cost.			Time						-			
				Cost	4		2 50.00	9%			2 50.0	0%	
				Quality									
				Commercial Access									
Implementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barri	er K
Level	Sum		25	3		24		3		5			10
1.1	Weighted Sum		95	9		92		9		20			35
Unexpected Outcomes:													
Narrative Positive:	Multiyear contract result	ed in 23% cos	t savings. Abl	e to increase qu	uantity on contra	act for same a	mount. Able to	procure materi	ial in EOQs thro	ugh terminal	liability coveraç	ge.	
Negative: -	Tried to get multiyear co In certain missile progra ears. Program outyear r	m, contractor i	incentivized to	invest in long-te	erm unit cost red	duction progra	m in return for p		ole, reasonably h	nigh producti	on requirement	s over pei	riod of

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE EI	LEMENT: WO	3 Streamlinir	ng procedures/c	ontrols related t	o administration	of D	efense Indus	strial Secui	rity Progran	n					
Description:	Efforts to put in place	e a more simplif	ied, uniform, a	ind cost-effectiv	e industrial sec	urity program, w	hile e	ensuring the	security of	sensitive i	nforma	ation & tech	nologies.			
Citation:	EO12829, 7 Jan 93;	NISPOM, Jan	95; FAR Devia	ation, May 95; F	AC 90-39, 20 J	un 96.										
Implementati Date:	ion 1/1/95	Avg Awar	reness Level:	4.0	Persor	nnel Interviewed	:	Contracting	Engr	Finar	ice	Mfg	Plant W	/ide	PM	QA
Expected Outo	come:				Total N	Number	No	one		Minor			Signifi	icant		
	costs related to preparations ses & procedures, incident			Time					•							
costs related to		reports a recor	us, and	Cost	8		5	62.50%		2 2	5.00%		1	12.50%	6	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access												
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ba	rrier F E	Barrier G	Barrier	·H	Barrier I	Bai	rrier J	Barri	er K
	Sum			3				3	4							10
3.8	Weighted Sum			3				3	4							10
Narrative - Positive:	Cost (+): Pre-employme environment; no increas - Industrial Security Mar because the security pe from automation). Issue - Cost of Guards has be - 3% reduction in NISP (- Nominal reductions - c - These changes have r	e in theft, no about a list in the ft, no about a list in the ft in the first in th	v stringent - proto doing every leads to negot sitive ID system document contures for secret	evious to NISPO thing by the nui tiation - working m put in place; r trol; Savings thr info record kee	rking relationsh DM - strictly by to mbers), is much environment im andom inspectiough continuou ping internally -	the numbers (do n better, and pro approved at the pi on per contractor s joint audits vs minor savings i	oved A.B. cesse ant so or sys period	(was good, r C., etc.) NIS es for clearar ecurity level a tem vs. gove odic inspection	SPOM - les nces has ir and betweernment im ons.	s stringent mproved (p en the con posed sys	, less s rocess tractor tem.	structure (cr s to DISCO and the gov	eated soi is much s rernment.	me traur smoothe	na initia r and be	enefits
Negative:	- Time delay in NISPOM - Standardization has no implementation of 2 pers action.	ot occurred - for	example for p	ersonnel cleara												

Description:	Prototype projects co competitive procedure				other actions" v	ersus contrad	cts usir	ng FAR/DFARS	S; PL 104	-201 expanded	authority to	military services	s, require	es
Citation:	PL103-160(FY94 Au	th. Act), Sec. 8	45; PL 104-20	01(FY97 Auth. A	Act) Sec 804; US	SD(A&T) Mer	no, 14	Dec 96: DoD	5000.1 (D.	1.h); Navy Car	dinal Point 4	1-3		
Implementation Date:	12/14/96	Avg Awaı	reness Level:	1.2	Person	nel Interview	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcom	e:				Total N	lumber	N	lone		Minor		Significant		
	schedule; reduced co		reased	Time	3		3	100.00%	_				_	
,		-		Cost	3		3	100.00%						
				Quality	3		3	100.00%						
				Commercial Access	3		3	100.00%						
Implementation Level		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F Ba	arrier G	Barrier H	Barrier l	Barrier J	Barı	rier K
Levei	Sum				2	4		4				10		
2.0	Weighted Sum				6	12		12				30		
Unexpected Outcomes:														
	oD is taking some adv legotiating exchange a												access.	
Narrative T	here is a connotation	that 845 implies	s cost sharing	due to its roots	in TRP - industr	y reluctant - ı	need to	clarify guidan	ce.					

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: W0	5 More thoro	ough post award	debriefings									
Description:	More thorough, timely	communication	ons, including	debriefings to lo	sing competitors	s, to reduce re	eliance	on other mea	ans of getti	ng info, such as	protests.			
Citation:	PL 103-355, Subtitle	ID (FASA); FA	C 90-32; FAR	R 33.214										
Implementat Date:	ion 9/18/95	Avg Awa	ireness Level:	2.3	Person	nnel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Out	come:				Total N	Number	١	None		Minor		Significant		
Reduction in o	contractor time/costs relate	ed to protests.		Time	3		3	100.00%	_				 "	
				Cost	3		3	100.00%						
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	В	arrier F E	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barri	er K
Level	Sum					10			10					
3.3	Weighted Sum					10			10					
Unexpected Outcomes:	- Contractor had some "w when you are a winner he		In't previously i	realized. Correc	cted shortcomin	gs, contribute	d to la	ter wins, bette	er performa	nce; also lesse	ned chance	of protest in the	future. I	Debriefs
Narrative - Positive:	- Believe postaward briefi	ings are slowly	improving.											
Narrative - Negative:	Fear of protest/litigation put out minimum. Quality of debriefings ha Company does few prof	as not improve	d even though		·					·	•		uying coi	mmands

ACQUISITION F	REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: WO	6 Streamline	d Government P	roperty Manag	ement							
Description:	Modifying requirement \$1,500 issued 31 Ma				government fu	urnished prope	rty. FAR deviation	on allowing co	ntractors to refr	ain from trac	king gov. prope	rty value	d below
Citation:	Contract Administrati	on PAT, Feb 1	995; FAR devi	ation, 31 Mar 95									
Implementation Date:	n 3/1/95	Avg Awa	areness Level:	2.8	Persor	nnel Interviewe	d: Contractir	ng Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcom	me:				Total N	Number	None		Minor		Significant		
	sive documentation; De			Time						-		_	
	nction without related risports	sk of loss, dan	lage of	Cost	4		4 100.00	%					
				Quality									
				Commercial Access									
Implementation Level		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barr	rier K
	Sum	7		2	5	6		32		7			41
0.5	Weighted Sum	24		8	20	14		102		28			154
Unexpected Outcomes:													
Positive: re	Final FAR rewrite does	ent consumed	lead-time).	·		, ,	•	,		roperty out o	f existing assets	s (i.e, wa	aiting on
-	Rewrite of use and cha	irges clause di	d simplify renta	I fees; rental cha	arges still base	a on acquisition	i value, not depi	ecialed value).				

Description:	Reviews based solely use of existing contra				conducted only	when necess	ary; lin	nited in scope	e to those a	areas	where suffic	ient data is	s not al	ready ava	ilable; n	aximu
Citation:	DAC 91-11, Jun 96;	DLAD 5000.4	, Part VII, Char	pter 4; FAR Ca	se 95-011 (cons	sent to subco	ntract)									
Implementation Date:	6/1/95	Avg Awa	areness Level:	2.3	Person	nel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	F	Finance	Mfg	Plant	Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcom	ne:				Total N	lumber	N	one		Mi	nor		Sig	nificant		
Reduction in time CPSRs.	and cost related to co	ntractor interfa	ce with	Time	9		3	33.33%		2	22.22%		4	44.449	6	
PSKS.				Cost	9		4	44.44%		2	22.22%		3	33.33	%	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access												
mplementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F E	Barrier G	В	arrier H	Barrier I	ı	Barrier J	Barr	er K
Level	Sum	3				10			14			23				
									2.4			70				
2.6	Weighted Sum	3				40			34			73				
Unexpected Outcomes: Narrative B Positive: - L	Weighted Sum Sig acquisition reform past full CPSR in 1991; CPSRs are now a joint	positive has be	duled for 1994	deferred two ye		AG internal re			g operatior			CPSRs.	hecks ·	- has a go	od syste	·m.

ACQUISITION F	REFORM CHANGE EL	EMENT: WO	8 Streamline	ed Contract Clos	se-Out									
Description:	Various PAT recomm closeout threshold	nendations affe	ecting both inte	rnal governmen	t operations and	d contractor op	eratio	ns. These ir	iclude chan	ges to interim fir	nal billing rat	es and an incre	ase to the	e quick
Citation:	Interagency Close-O	ut PAT, 1994;	Contract Admi	nistration PAT, I	Feb 1995; FAC	90-39 (XXVI)	far cas	ses 95-008,0	17. FAR de	viation 7-13-95	(interim billi	ng rates)		
Implementation Date:	n 7/13/95	Avg Awa	areness Level:	1.8	Persor	nnel Interviewe	ed:	Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcor	me:				Total N	Number	N	lone		Minor		Significant		
•	actor time related to clo	osing out contra	acts	Time	6		6	100.00%	-				_	
				Cost										
				Quality										
				Commercial Access										
Implementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I	Barrier J	Barri	ier K
Level	Sum	12				8			20		10			10
1.9	Weighted Sum	36				24			40		10			40
Unexpected Outcomes:														
	Increasing quick close- At this facility DCAA ha						on sm	all dollars be	efore funds (expire.				
Negative: -	Contractor had PROCA DCAA takes too long to Contract close-out prob Critical path in close-ou Have disconnects betw Would like to see more	o do close-out a plems exist both ut is often gove veen MOCAS a	audits. h at company a rnment proper and company a	and DoD. Comp ty issues. accounting recor	pany does not a	ssign high prion	ority to opendit	close-out, al	though that	might be chang		egrated approac	ch.	

ACQUISITION	N REFORM CHANGE E	LEMENT: WO	9 Elimination	of non-value ad	dded packaging	requirements;							
Description:	Ease packaging spe	cifications to all	ow use of more	commercial-ty	pe packaging w	here appropriat	e.						
Citation:	SECDEF memo, 29	June 94; DSI	C cancellation of	of MIL-STD-136	67A, 31 May 95	; revised MIL-S	ΓD-2073-1/2						
Implementat	ion 6/1/96	Avg Awareness Level:		3.0	Personnel Interviewed		: Contract	ing Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant Wide	PM	QA
Date:											✓		
Expected Out	come:				Total N	Number	None		Minor		Significant		
Reduced cost	s related to packaging re-	quirements.		Time									
				Cost	3		2 66.67	%			1 33.3	3%	
				Quality									
				Commercial Access									
Implementation	on	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Barrier F	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier	l Barrier J	Barr	ier K
Level	Sum	3		3		10	14	10			10		10
1.1	Weighted Sum	12		12		40	56	20			20		40
Unexpected Outcomes:	- While MILSTD-129 (m required to adhere to ea									ng standard	. Subcontracto	rs are nov	w being
Narrative - Positive:	- MIL-STD-2073 has be	en consolidated	d and streamline	ed. Headed in	the right direction	on. Token cost	savings.						
Narrative - Negative:	- Revised MIL-STD doe and reusability.	·		•							·	•	
	 Need to relax spec sor of revisions. 	newhat to allow	more flexible u	ise - allow chan	ges to be accor	nmodated in res	ponsive mann	er. Need to ed	ducate working l	evel govern	ment people on	intended	impact
	- a lot of dollars wasted	in repackaging	and remarking	vendor's comm	nercial pack, wh	ich while quite s	atisfactory, ca	n't be traced to	MILSPEC imp	osed materi	als, etc.		

Description:	Use of commercial practices and modern technology (e.g. TRAMS, CFMS) related to shipping documents; enhanced vendor delivery - use of third party traffic management on FOB origin contracts & use of commercial GBLs.														
Citation:	41 CFR 101-41.007														
Implementation Date:	n 9/1/95	Avg Awareness Level:		2.5	Personnel Interviewe			Contracting	Engr	Finance	Mfg	Plant	t Wide	PM	QA
Expected Outcor	me:				Total Number		١	lone	Minor		Signific		nificant	ificant	
Reduced time & documents.	cost related to preparing	g & processing	g shipping	Time	5		2	40.00%	-	1 20.00%		2	40.00%	- 6	
				Cost	5		3	60.00%		1 20.00%		1	20.00	%	
				Quality											
				Commercial Access											
Implementation Level		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F B	Barrier G	Barrier H	Barrier I		Barrier J	Barı	rier K
	Sum														
4.0	Weighted Sum														
Jnexpected T Outcomes:	ime (-): Difficult to find ca	arriers who wi	ll take lighter l	oads											
Narrative Positive:	Quality improvement as	a result of TR	AMS - fewer e	errors than in ma	nual process										
Negative: m is - th -	System new but flawed. nin.). A better way is to he of the few shipments where transmers and the few shipments where the few system (beyond TF only once a year.	nave DD250 g the governme M system - sw	enerate GBL and allows the control over referenced to the control of the control	at the same time contractor to dete low. Some mino	it is generated. rmine best tran r technical prob	Today 90-95 sportation me lems - bigges	% of s thod. t issue	hipments requests that DCMA	uire GBL fr	om contract - a vonel may not have	ery expens answers,	sive pro	ocess. A r	notable o	exception prough

Citation:	PL 103-355, sec 800		, ,,		•	•		2.504								
Implementation Date:	on 6/1/95	Avg Awareness Level:		2.3	Personnel Interviewe		ed:	Contracting	Engr	F	inance	Mfg	Plant Wide		PM	QA
													✓			
Expected Outo	come:				Total Number			None		Minor			Significant		_	
Reduced contract schedule; reduced contract cost; increased access to commercial.			Time	12		9	75.00%		1	8.33%		2	16.67%	, D		
			Cost	12		7	58.33%		1	1 8.33%		4	33.33	%		
				Quality												
				Commercial Access	12		7	58.33%		2	16.67%		3	25.00	%	
mplementatio	n	Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	rrier F	Barrier G	Ва	rrier H	Barrier I		Barrier J	Barı	rier K
Level	Sum	6				5		5	9			10				15
3.0	Weighted Sum	12				15		15	13			30				45
Jnexpected Outcomes:																
Outcomes: Narrative - Positive:	- Elimination of flowdow very aware of elimination - Commercial sourcing haliances. Acquisition re is having the effect of up	n and question nas helped redu eform is allowing	if old terms & o uce manufactur g the contracto	conditions inadvering costs as a per to establish co	ertently used. ercent of manuf mmon processe	acturing sale s for PQA, p	s. Com	nmercial sou nent, materi	urcing is als al verification	so givin on, and	g the contra	actor the al	oility to ne cas	form long es, this sh	er vend	

- Always used international source base - therefore reduction of restrictions hasn't opened up market. As develop more products, may develop different base.

- Parts are spec'd to a higher degree than the actual end product. Trying to get relief from former which would allow greater use of plastic parts

primes and subcontracts seem to be invoking the commercial sourcing clause okay.

- Real issue - political - local politicians talking to contractors about keeping jobs in their district

Narrative -

Negative:

	Joint Logistics Comma	anders - Acqui	isition initiative	S												
Implementati Date:	mplementation 10/1/95 Avg Awareness Level: Date:		1.8	Personnel Interviewe			Contracting	Engr	Finance		Mfg	Plant Wide		PM	Q/	
Expected Outo	come:				Total Number		N	None		Minor			Significant			
Reduction in c	contractor time/cost related	to multiple SC	CEs	Time	6		3	50.00%		1 16.67%			2 33.339			
				Cost	6		3	50.00%		1	16.67%		2	33.33%	, 0	
				Quality												
				Commercial Access												
mplementation		Barrier A	Barrier B	Barrier C	Barrier D	Barrier E	Ва	arrier F	Barrier G	В	Barrier H	Barrier I	I	Barrier J	Barrie	r K
Levei	Cum					10 30			20 20							
	Sum Weighted Sum					30			20							=
3.2	Weighted Sum															
3.2 Inexpected Outcomes:		luations since	initiative starte	ed												